### OF COLORADO AND FOR NIHIIM STATE IN THE DISTRICT COURT PITKIN AND 0 F COUNTY THE

C-1616 No. Action Criminal

PEOPLE'S BRIEF REGARDING IDENTIFICATION ISSUE 200000000 STATE Plaintiff THE E PEOPLE OF COLORADO, S THE OF (

Defendant

BUNDY,

R.

THEODORE

Frank G. E. Tucker, District Attorney 506 E. Main Aspen, Colorado

. Suite 310 Co 80903 Deputy Milton K. Blakey, I District Attorney 20 E. Vermijo Ave. Colorado Springs,

Deputy George Vahsholtz, District Attorney

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the appropriat information lineup identification used conformed S.Ct. 1967(1967) decisions. "A"(Statute), "B"(sworn testimony) and "C"(Order of Stovall attached before any indictment or order and under and See Wade procedure statute. the forth in the Gilbert, suppress The court grounds. by Utah Bundy. 87 ď reason to to occurred Denno, 388 U.S. 293, Counsel required pursuant filed against Mr. set 10 there is no lineup procedures conducted criteria Right

display Amend indictment. ø photographic allowing S.Ct. This "the t o 93 of Right pre-or-post οĘ offender". 300, : right to counsel at purpose that 413 U.S. legitimate issue p.2579) the the shown for οf U.S. v. Ash, held (at identification whether the photo display is Government P.2d 86(1975). the no grant (1968) specifically ı, lineups. the There not ап ЪУ 543 attempt does conducted Pew, ment

presented пo the lineups was theory suppress supra. This case, grounds exist to incrimination. Wade the rejected in self No O F basis

has and a portion of the prosecution's issue grounds for suppression rely brief That Supreme Court decisions and The 5th Amendment. "D". Exhibit the ช οĘ the court The remaining Clause been presented in Utah case law. U.S. the t o Process Utah presented οf tolling

1977), standards contained in Exhibit Þ Manson in Simmons v. the court S.Ct. 2243 (June court reiterated οĘ the case 967 (1968) wherein the cases contained Court 16 Supreme There the identification addition to U.S. U.S. S.Ct. recent significant. 88 Braithwaite, for photo "D", the 377

photo-impervery OWD οĘ been to con-hold its ov resul es to exonerate of photographs. The technique may resul n misidentification employmen entifica following cograph wil course supervisory eyer q exposes arrest the 80 has photograph only if the to er crimina We both sparing on Was οĘ no give rise irreparabl for is procedure ively in crimstandpoint bo d con at trial which emethod's potential foing to prohibit its exercise of our form οĘ ill less, as a matter requirement. Instead se must be considered hat convictions based d only spects the ignominy c eyewitnesses to exor h scrutiny of photogr use of the technique trial Poj of identification by de on that ground entification proc and л ф ф tion by photograph, this p used widely and effectivel enforcement, from the stan apprehending offenders and innocent suspects the igno at пo that convict οĘ as lihood onvictions based be substantially s-examination at jury the method's hazards esti. unwilling in the exe sugges. still cation. convictions ident allowing e em through iger that u iden S cross-examin the jury the We are unwil either in th power or, st stitutional that each ca facts, and t witness iden pre-trial id be set aside graphic iden missibly sug substantial identif by allothem the danger þе may

circumstances opted tov deter S ad 3 in T for rthO cour S 0 41 οĘ test Manson 9 eria ains Se  $\infty$ propriate  $\infty$ 4 crit es the On 4 S 1 the S on ility, ce 60 ар language Mans tan 4 adopted the Biggers, cums reliab t o H also then U entification O th Neil court Turning 44 0 ty in The The ٠, tal forth id 0 nining : Ļ supra. (1972)the set

The S 0 3 S.Ct., rtunity o lity admi in or confrontations. out reliabil the ny set identification testimos post-Stovall confrontat considered are services. So, at 199-200, that U.S., at 1 se include conclude to be c 409 U. These post-W Or e F and er pre- and factors is the bility th

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Biggers, at 382.

confrontation. descrip certainty the O.F ident hese include the opportunity os to view the criminal at the and degree be weighed the accuracy of his prior suggestive J o confrontation witness' the level the 40 and the 1.8 crime the the criminal, Against these factors Jo the crime, effect tion of the crimi demonstrated at t time between the between the itself the tnes corrupting attention, time of the

trial had growth tality" 0 phote which preut d H 0 one photograph t0 ct ui ап onfli ū the the O U and puo ru excluded ಥ one on ec resolved decisions) S Si he d Ħ  $\vdash$ and was exc H rule аѕе a11 actually Ξ 0 Wade S U >0 ч The se" 0 S D and in son O er th orth ation Gilbert d E the ro. H Ü 4 set identifi ed adopted the evolv test ο£

follow Colorado The constituti circumstances" suggestiv decision. Utah and the impermissibly that Both the "totality of Manson suggestive. held of circumstances." the and as in reversed 1.8 identification principles espoused photograph admissible under Court "totality one Supreme pre-trial ٠ŧ

state identific admissi 957, (1977) and けっ controlling law on photo displays Mrs. Wilder's prerequisite 565 P.2d Colo. App., that d a S essential totally free from doubt Keelin, not > Was cites Simmons as People "It ре

lineup was allowed defendant' suggestive that lineup with suggestiv photo in nevertheless photos used. held independant basis evaluated case the 520 P.2d 751(1974), where a Jones, 553 P.2d 770(1976), not impermissibly impermissibly the in þе but In this the other only one must impermissibly suggestive theοf procedures of circumstances. from on the claims identification was court identification out defendant was that stand identification People v. Sanchez, stated picture didn't totality рe though the People v. the court in trial held

the the culprit case. the defendant 114, rejected οĘ the police totality show-up defendant as one-on-one identify of the leaving 516 P.2d in favor first, Before positively identify the in a Williams, stances-reliability rule could not at rule show-up. People v. suggestiveness one-on-one witness did

Amendment theory was rejected, decided was upheld, a 5th P.2d 7(1973), ಡ þе rejected, court held that lineup cases should court. display trial self-incrimination argument was 505 lineup v. Knapp, at photo case basis by the three-man photo to Counsel eople ಡ ЬУ where Right

that un identificati he1d v. People, 470 P.2d 837(1970), concerning inconsistencies Vigil and tainties

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ed neub, ecid שי ы 2 d 61 U .76 0 Z 0 (1) su( Д Ap S -1 0 W Col th J a S Coston es ddr manner B > 1 eople ~ followin 9  $\vdash$ 0, A Н O the Novemb in

4 97. orricers, d subsequent introduced, F.2d 808 And 100m., 1019, 90 r, factors Φ 07 S only not the cer 4 3 S an automobile for law enforcement officers testimony as to the description and subsection.

See United States v. McKenzie, 414 F.2d 8(
(3rd Cir. 1969), cert. denied sub nom.)
United States v. Anthony, 396 U.S. 1019, 5 S.Ct. 586, 24 L.ed.2d 510. Further, facto surrounding the identification, such as the weight to be given to the evidence, no its admissibility. See McKenzie, supra.

contrary to the defendant's contention, the presence of counsel is required only in ceinstances of pre-trial confrontation of the accused with investigators or witnesses against him. See United States v. Ash, 413 U.S. 300, 93 S.Ct. 2568, 37 L.ed.2d 619 (1973); People v. Lowe, 184 Colo. 182, identification to thus, admission cers the 3 O ìf 7 a to tr at the Colo. the the tress me or here, descr offic to crin ontention.

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w enforcement off Ca to suppre of his ca similar to the ha when it refused to e identification of ineup" as being sim aving the scene of th this contention. real evidence is adray connected with e of a crime, the vice in the vice is a crime, the vice is a crime is a crime, the vice is a crime is s to of and. perpetrator of a crime crime itself, People v 534 P.2d 795(1975), an witness observes and san automobile for law n leaving the with this of real evi "The defendant ficourt erred when evidence the identhe auto "lineup" real way c ome sagree item o seen car

4 O 7 ence L O On S 4 W 7 sel 4 d ev ur th 0 S 4 D O U d F Wa 3 ഗ 11 S S th a d 3 Bundy th ар O Ţ Н ve, 0 оше ed th Mr. ent P 4 O S an es s 9 (1) only 60 T gn pr On .1 and T a 4 C no S a Q U 4 O photos as 0 60 V H the We П ch D d h d P 4 d O 0 £ Д sn H WI 0 eds ed S K apha U ch шþ hundr nu H 28 0 a O A 0 4 viewed ua ph Carol 6 The ade

find irreparable to Mr. Supreme should degree "impermissibly select U.S. court Ŋ o F t o οf photo displays under the likelihood DaRonch not the is nothing if definitely was Even on Miss substantial Colorado law. Thus, there exerted i.t very some suggestiveness the misidentification". pressure about Court, Utah or Bundy's photo. t o rise police gestive" "give

for Was and lineup counsel, subsequent physical with statute, to Furthermore, the conducted pursuant purpose. legitimate fair,

being could sub-ЪУ not DaRonch Q Was approved as there exonerated if Miss were Also, the lineup determine Bundy would be her attacker. court and would for grounds identify chance Mr. assailant. The Utah trial positively stantial

circumstances "indefind under the should photo displays were impermissibly an had heard the court identification. DaRonch identification the The court has aside, if that Miss making her the all that doubt view of circumstances. real must and for Casting no lineup basis" i. is suggestive, there that the pendent ity

Harter Mrs. bу defendant οĘ Identification

brief photo out the very of this picked being single Was Mr. Bundy t 0 in the DaRonch part d subject Bundy οĒ out οf Mr. again 1975, is identification that and testimony on January 12, enunciated previously lineup eight men. seven man photo The Harter heard contained has Inn Wildwood tests which o f

substantive evidence her Behim." Mrs. Harter which "that's law said identification to be admitted as preliminary hearing, present and Bundy state must Mr. τo the the pointed this, At οĘ actually prior cause

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keep the also identification gun. witness said objected, See the T Cour admissibility". Н the the person holding but counsel Supreme case, sure, court held that "uncertainty of this defense am not the error. its In and than Was identify that point 318. responded "Well, I objection identification out 427 P.2d rather could At the weight him." People, if he sustained the its witness recognize asked |the (1962), to court goes The ing

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V. People

Gallegos

in

Three years later

2nd Cir., 6F.2d admissibility testimony tes identificatio Suprem P.2 ಡ cases where the identifier opinion testimony of 285 applic p.868: the the holds identifica Chavez, "And recognizes the decided by v. U.S, an exception to the hearsay rule, its said at extrajudicial and paragraphs of People, 146 P.2d 896. the Dawkins v. identification, See also DiCarlo "That Therein, the court law which admission of Was case the rule: also sanctioned in next two observed important body of the extrajudicial See the consideration." The Trujillo v. been extended to thereof admissible." or growing Colorado. very heard particularly Ξ trial. a an the d who 864(1965), o f of and at person Court iness under 821. is

agains resulting not militate under identification ре conclusiveness τo the weight the persons charged; does admissibility οĘ have the involves the rule... Uncertainty its not present than does rather recognition of and circumstances here testimony circumstantial O F use

testi could police lineup. certin extrajudicial Gallegos." τo officer identification supra differences were shown t o the no assigned (1969), perceive v. People, police one or the two the defendant at a so-called 824, the verity of relating to W G extrajudicial is also t o Gallegos that testimony of P.2d advantageous court states "error it to say 644 cast doubt on the discrepencies or officer (cites People, and the conceivably testimony Suffice police regard." that of the > Cokley claimed authority) Whatever possibly fication hearsay. this the between οf in

the note court extrajudicial 97(1972) jurisdiction permits extrajudicial The Further, observed by a third person." authority. as substantive P.2d t o exception to the hearsay rule. 767 exception has been extended as Kurtz v. People, supra a defendant Gallegos, in or "This identifications of tes Cokley and heard Then court held: an that this fications and as

failur "Evidence of an extra-judicial identification is admissible, Dunhill's was unable the named with shown seven the hearing, was introduced dealing witness assailants Because court made is Dunhil1 confrontation Dunhill was stabbed. The next day he was identification the cases There a at defendant. his a hearing, and defendant photographic identification Colorado identified both of protested 539 P.2d 1234, (1975). subsequent positively identify the an Αt the best to identify the defense photo display. One of ď The identify at and he Trujillo, inability evidence. earlier して

ion g O th h 4 .4 Ø whether an e a οĒ D S Φ .4 Н O U th ence D o.f d to Ø 0 T S H P ess O 4 7 Evi enec th 0 a S Ø ש 2 > J H 0 rega identity. O peached, ď T T D in S (1) E e 00 b > 00 a te .1 > S 1 S a S P, O O H J O Ħ 0 5 t H is H 4 ma .1 a d 3 evidence S tion H 0) 0) -1 a a P, 4 41 .1 4 no ർ Ø ч 4 a ifica .4 H Ħ -1 0 4 00 0 Ca h H 0 ent 1 0 •-T a -H 44 Н 4 4 P 0 .1 I -1 en + 0 gn H U ер -1 O 0 a O U p 4 рu d P an O H H 4 a 44 H S Ъ um .4 O esti ci udi Ü O but mad ч an d

S 4 P •1 N H Д 3 4 Ħ 5 0 eW a S 4 S > O U S Peop1 B Φ 4 S ٠, 41 0 4 oin d Q, Q in H S a U H Ч P a 口 ot H 5) entirety 16 (19

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S O 1 4 ST further fairnes the phot H G ny be-ntifica-employe identif erred trial court e L's testimony ortroom identi ause she did not make a courtroom idention of him and because the procedures end conducting the earlier photographic idention were unreasonably suggestive. He omplains that he was denied fundamental ince his lawyer was not present during traphic identification proceedings. DB H a B the tichol tends that strike N not make ng to did n cont ext usir she tion ation ompla ince ause ion c in

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1 stricken. If the coss-examination at tria a prior identification dent evidence of identitraborate a courtroom idente even where there in by such witness. a prior indent evide raborate a true even the cossure crossspend corr is ific 30uld 65. to testimony as ible as inde ect th have only to identi v. Gc 2d 865 available - 2d We reje should tion. court People 354 P. T no ti

sented the sup A further factor here is that at an in camera hearing prior to trial, testimony was presented that substantiated the trustworthiness of the earlier identification by Nichols and fully supported the trial court's conclusion that the photographic identification was free from impermissible suggestion. See Simmons v. United States, 390 U.S.377, 88 S.Ct.967, 19L.ed.2d imp (

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Brown v. People, 17
2d 587; People v. Renfro, 1 rown eop1 ed to be prese eedings. In C hotographic ic ches during th iminal case." 494 P.2d 587 needed proceed at phot There oce ttacl crit 0

tion -examina admis Mrbecomes credibility οĘ though identification cross identification. it presented, Even her bу attacked affect law. pre-trial heretofore will οĘ the e Ą matter οf may answers strength S on cases a Harter identificati as her admissible From the the that Mrs. and affecting time her 1.8 trial evident sible, Bundy thus at

Respectfully submitted,

FRANK G.E. TUCKER District Attorney By Conge Vahsholtz, #7179
Deputy District Attorney
Fourth Judicial District

Milton K. Blakey, 2691 Deputy District Attorney Ninth Judicial District

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IN THE DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR

THE COUNTY OF PITKIN AND

STATE OF COLORADO

Criminal Action No. C-1616

SUPPRESS IN-COURT IDENTIFICATIONS SUPPORT MOLLON DEFENDANT'S Plaintiff, Defendant. THE STATE OF COLORADO, THEODORE ROBERT BUNDY, VS. THE PEOPLE OF

## FACTS

On the evening in question she described her 25 to 30 years old, about were spent with Ms. DaRonch not knowing that a crime situation was An apparently violent struggle took place, lasting just OL girl was abducted should be pointed out, however, that the first fifteen minutes really short, not curly, not straight and wearing a moustache. six feet tall and 175 pounds, brown hair, not really long and 7:30 She gave this description a man having been with her assailant for approximately 20 minutes. approximately few minutes, from which she escaped and was taken by a seventeen year old assailant as being in the neighborhood of at Utah to give his eye color. the Fashion Place Mall in Murray, his wife to the police station. 1974 is Carol DaRonch. 8 November unable involved.

a photo of her assailant but selecting a few with similar character subsided towards the end of 1974, having achieved nothing of value. apparently It was estimated that she viewed After being brought to the police station and questioned length, she was shown many photographs on the night in question This activity of the police showing her photos thousands of photographs during that period of time, several months thereafter.

During the days following her disappearance, other residents of the Wildwood Inn were contacted to learn whether any of them might shed partially decomposed, frozen body was found on February 17, 1975 vicinity of the Wildwood Inn in Snowmass, Colorado and her nude, disappeared On January 12, 1975 Caryn Campbell

Included among evening due to illness and neither heard nor saw anything unusual stayed in her room that staying told the police on January 14, 1975 that two days earlier, light on the disappearance of the Campbell woman. same floor as the missing Lesbeth B. Harter who was Campbell woman disappeared, that she had and daughter on the one Mrs. persons was husband

found in his car at the time, he became a suspect in the DaRonch defendant, also became Possession of Burglary Tools, at which time he was questioned He was rearrested on August 21, 1975 on a charge to certain items Theodore Robert Bundy, the He incident and his home was searched. that time. Due offense. at suspect in the Campbell homicide a traffic 16, 1975 on On August arrested in Utah abduction. Murray

Mountain Bell office where Ms. DaRonch was employed, on September 1 to it being a holiday Thompson testified Shortly after this arrest, the exact date being uncertain, other photos, by Det. Jerry Thompson of the Salt Lake County However the employment records of Mountain Bell show that during this hearing that this photo confrontation took place showed her defendant, defendant's 1968 biege Volkswagen "bug." Det. due photograph of the same time he also dayfrom work on that Carol DaRonch was shown a At the absent Office. Sheriff's

to identify she didn't Thompson left that interview with the opinion that she was a very Bundy, she went through the stack, pulled his photo out, handed Was When handed a stack of photos containing "I believe that could be the Volkswagen, but I cannot make a stated, "I don't know, aah, that one saw him again or not. car, the poor witness and didn't know whether she would be able She told him that said "Oh, here." He then asked her if in the defendant's When questioned by Thompson about anyone saying "I don't see shown the photo of like him." him if she guy or why she pulled it out she could identify something to Thompson, the individual again. identification...." Upon being resembles him." in her hand she it looks

preparation of the kidnapping charge there. No plausible explanation tify her assailant. Also unfortunately, it was this latter version conviction on the Utah In this altered version Det. Thompson wrote the above down in a report which was defense in Utah for different report of the same incident, but unfortunately not discrepancy was offered by Thompson at the hearing. incident he writes that she felt rather confident that However he the logical conclusion that must be drawn is that he charge and withheld the truth from the defense. report in order to improve the chances for a of the incident that was turned over to the introduced in this hearing as Exhibit the facts. same version of

photo on this second occasion, she allegedly identified him, although learned that Thompson showed his photos to DaRonch, he turned On being shown Bundy's activity on the part of law enforcement officers around this time, two earlier she had told Thompson she didn't think she only person who appeared in this who had also appeared in the showed her by Thompson a day or two earlier was Thoedore Bundy immediately took this and other photos out to DaRonch again. Bountiful police The reason for this becomes apparent when it is time she had also been taken out to try to There appeared to be as they obviously felt they had a suspect. different photo of Bundy to the VW which had belonged to Bundy. so. able to do shortly after During this day or would be

on January 9, 1976 Michael Fisher, Investigator for the District she replied because he was dressed out of character for a ski lodge. She testi of photos including that of the defendant. When she came to his either of the men who had been near the elevator were present the courtroom she proceeded to identify Undersheriff Ben Meyers had been drawn to this individual as she walked by the elevator Attorney's office in Aspen showed the same Mrs. Lesbeth Harter fied at the preliminary hearing that she observed two men near "this is the strange man by the elevator." She said her tall this person was. When asked why, a ways. She elevator. and one standing back nearest the looking similar to the man one right near him how

as being character-At no time did she identify the defendant, who was courtroom and in her view during all her testimony, the general the men who she had seen near the elevator on going on just she was lighting had been poor and of in the

to Itirreparable misidentifi defendant that might occur in the future by this witness, that is this identification, and any further in-court identifications 1974. impermissibly suggestive photo displays previously shown her tainted this motion. It is contended that any in-court identified defendant as being the person who abducted her in November was so DaRonch DaRonch substantial liklihood of At the hearing on this motion Carol identification of the defendant by Carol a very of rise to subject cation. give

substantial liklihood of irreparable line-up in which suggestive photo applies to this identification and it must also be abductor. too was so tainted by the impermissibly Carol DaRonch viewed a selected him as her as to give rise to a 1975 present and 1, October misidentification. Was reasoning defendant displays since it

hearing be so incredible in light of her misidentification of Meyers Harter non-identification of the defendant at the preliminary photo identification of Bundy by Mrs. law. matter of Ŋ to warrant its exclusion as 0 d 2 1000

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School Stranger 1. AA

4 suggestibility of photographic displays Shortly thereafter, the down of one of the alleged perpetrators, which they States that police, through tracking a car seen leaving the area after the comes employees identified his co-defendant Garret from other defendant In two men held up a bank at gunpoint, neither wearing masks from the leading case in the field, Simmons v. United subsequent in-court identification snapshots were of him among a group of other people. 967 (1968). the identified on the premises for about five minutes. ct. Ed. 2d 1247, 88 S. who all of employees law in the area ď and how they affect U.S. 377, 19 L. obtained snapshots five the  $_{
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Regardless of how the initial misidentification comes about, police subsequently follow the most correct photographic identification identification... The chance of misidensuggestive and conducive to misidentification as The Court, coming on the heels of photoidentification by means of danger that criminals. A witness may have obtained only a brief glimpse of individuals of the persons pictured Simmons totality of the surrounding identification." reducing On to retain in his memory the employment sometimes couse witnesses to err in if the police indicate to identified same three identified Garret and both were convicted. poor conditions. Stovall, held some seen, procedures and show him the pictures of a number of without indication whom they suspect, there is The Court recognized "that improper actually courtroom employees that one Gilbert and asserted that the pretrial or may have seen him under person them due process of the law. or five light of the lineup apt the witness may make an incorrect evidence is also heightened a11 Wade, of thereafter is subsequent trial, than in evaluated in police may they have other so unnecessarily the decisions rather crime. defendants photograph graphs by criminal, must be

that convictions based on eyewitness identification at trial followa very substantial liklihood of its own facts, aside on photographic identification procedure a pretrial identification by photograph will be set considered on The Court held "each case must be missibly suggestive as to give rise to irreparable misidentification." p.384 if the

Under Colorado law, it is the burden of the People to show by present test under 487 P.2d 371; Martinez v. People, P.2d 375; Constantine v. People, Colo., 495 P.2d 208(1972). 594; convincing evidence that any suggestion was not victims totality of the surrounding circumstances is also the P.2d 462 the 520, the product of Colo. 170 553 P.2d 770(1976). Colo., People, identification was Stewart v. People, Phillips v. and

# ARGUMENT

any identifications approximately which perfect of assumed, Stovall identification and not to the courts at trial denial that οĘ ď Eyewitness identification has been the subject enforcement officials over the years and until is Court held Gilbert, reach such proportions as to create a its admissibility in court was always evidence and instant case such cases suggestive procedures Wade, Supreme the People the right to introduce In The in decisions going to the weight of the the United States accused. a result thereof. the process of the law to an impermissibly a case. With supra, the abuses can admissibility. which occur as years ago of such

been looking abduction the instrumental in having her shown another in police occasions. same color as the car she had originally described to the police she was conjunction with it looked some on their hands, or else what explanation for the frenzied activity confuse her as her photograph photos Even though Thompson thought a "hot car she identified was not correspond to Bundy's car. suddenly seen so many times until he a "very poor witness" and she had failed to identify Bundy several light blue VW but when they had several what her abduction. For ten months after her to that the police had Ø she guessed she In street confronted with out to see his car on The police managed arrested and his car turned out to be light brown, a possible color think along with her being shown there. talking as if the didn't Thompson that efforts end car she had car on she When Carol DaRonch was first Was a white or the It must have been apparent to her saw the defendant's brown had never been mentioned as that changed color to again. everyone days. along. matter of fact, the taken did not let his police, he was but told Det. a few actually identifying was abductor such person such a color VW all looking for defendant car and also being suddenly of she course suspect vehicle time of As a she defendant Bountiful and the abductor, he to identify when the photos. the the

that second during the car Upon seeing the defendant's picture for see his to so and having been taken out

2d 402, 89 S.Ct. case a witness failed to identify the defendant attempt to influence the identification, but their actions certainly was probably not a conscious reaction on her part but there is suspect." arranged a showup, at which time the witness was able to make they were to muster up a definite identification. The court held that tentative identification. At yet another lineup the witness was first time he confronted him, despite a suggestive lineup. The facts of this case are not that obviuosly became aware that this was in fact the "hot Even they might inadmissible, observing that identification, those of Foster v. California, 394 U.S. 440, 22 L.Ed. p.443. in mind. inevitable" under the circumstances. make an on a victim to the police have a suspect identifications were can have that effect. In that usually pressure

Although the facts in the instant case are not as blatant record, the logical conclusion is that the identification of defendant in this case was also "all but inevitable."

sets forth fifteen danger signals in eyewitness identifications. In an article by William J. Bryan, There sit many a man in prison, having been convicted Eyewitness identifications are not as reliable as might at Journal, vol. 10, n. 2, p. are theycase and instant Trial Lawyers based on mistaken identifications. the relevant to in the California be believed.

- unable to Witness originally stated he would be perpetrator.
- A serious discrepancy exists between identifying witness description and actual description of the defendant.
- During the original observation of the perpetrator witness was unaware that a crime situation was involved
- The identification contains inaccuracies about the identified.
- situations different place the defendant in two Witnesses the
- the witness defendant A considerable period of time elapsed between the of identification and criminal the view of

although courts facial changing back to her original description color of eyes, length of hair, of the kind defendant's car changed along with identification of the defendant. of reliability admissibility her moustache, a few days later changing that to facts will reveal that it is certainly not like to see. First of all, her initial description of striking point for at first she described her to This for are trying is that of facial hair. test are discussing now to be the vagueness such as What we texture of hair and presence seems DaRonch's description of the then by the trial, phrased in many ways. that We from much Carol issue reliable is look at the Q sufferred the most and the hair

abductor yet a day or two later makes what the police term a positive identify her What happened during that period of time is photo sudden she tells Thompson she doesn't think she can ď suggestive must have occurred in order to see this crime, when faced with the record, but it is not entirely contained in Ten months after the identification.

certainly did suggestive procedures were used, but with the People to show by this burden supra; Constantine v. show exactly not present OWD her used between apparent from the testimony that Carol DaRonch have obviously failed to meet victim's defendant based on The burden does not rest with the defendant to evidence that any suggestion was the supra; Martinez v. People, the suggestive procedures the product of the of September 1975. her identifiaction identification was People convincing supra. The but based on People, early Stewart v. and and as it is what

accomplished, lineup identification apparent was unable to describe anything unusual about the way he alked. there wasn't although DaRonch soon as he Once the photo identification of the defendant was 1.8 It the lineup was That was what struck her she said, of that year. fact, she originally told police that as assailant walked. ď recognized the defendant by his walk simple matter to bolster that with her identification of the defendant in October unusual about the way her in early did lineup. of it was a into the

police give rise the misidentification elicited by These been irreparable had means. which suggestive identification liklihood of impermissibly substantial photo through

POUR WITHERS of circum-Bundy, identifications degree suggestive of these low of identification totality examination of Comment veryon the were not based on the victim's own recollection but Q Her identifications have that to examine the from evidence. of Carol DaRonch's conclusion A fair to do is in court. to the excluded circumstances lead one asked lineup and and must be employed by the police. are only We  $p_{\overline{\lambda}}$ can surrounding reliability photo, stances

crime merely Shepard DaRonch occurred, Raylene the from that one the DaRonch identification crime awaythe miles to be considered is after twenty-five only ten to fifteen minutes some of factor unreliability defendant Another the the places scene

Lesbeth defendant, some evidence never reaches shoul its power to after chosen surely law photo by framework However, and identification year the Of exercise evidence previously willprocess ΟĘ one the defendant's constitutional presence admissibility. People photo until court must competent due she had Surely this The of the already determined that a denial with evidence. to recognize him even though observed the threshhold of not the identification of that places it within our faced case where question of weight, a few seconds. into evidence works incompetent when not of the Harter, another matter had reaching as the She for exclude legally has Mrs. is. ď seen a man as As far Supreme Court photo of him. this is threshhold introduction near excluded unable defendant. this Harter, that to

INCOM F.

Respectfully submitted,

Sunth Mann

Kenneth Dresner Advisory Counsel to Defendant 307 N. Main Gunnison, Colorado 81230 (303) 641-1444

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obable cause to de-ter's sister was not even though sister uitted of shoplifting is Cooperative Mer-9 U. (2d) 336, 509

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203, § 3. т. 1967, съ History:

The reference in this section to Notes. Compiler's

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77-13-34" appeared graph (2), above."

—(1) Any peace officer duly authorized by any governmental entity of this state may exercise a peace officer's authority beyond the limits of such officers normal jurisdiction as follows:

(a) When in fresh pursuit of an offender for the purpose of arresting and holding that person in custody or returning the suspect to the jurisdiction where the offense was committed. jurisdiction. any governmental entity authority beyond \*1 Peace officer's authority beyond limits of normal 77-13-36.

(b) When a public offense is committed in such officer's presence.
(c) When participating in an investigation of criminal activity which originated in such officer's normal jurisdiction in co-operation with the local authority.

(d) When called to assist peace officers of another jurisdiction.

(2) Any peace officer, prior to taking such authorized action, shall notify and receive approval of the local law enforcement authority, or if such prior contact is not reasonably possible, notify the local law enforcement authority as soon as reasonably proceived. requested ment authority as soon as reasonably possible. Unless specifically requested to aid a police officer of another jurisdiction or otherwise as provided for by law, no legal responsibility for a police officer's actions outside his normal enforce. jurisdiction and as provided herein, shall attach to the local law ment authority.

208, § 1; 1975, 1971, сh. History: ch. 37, § 1.

Compiler's Notes.

The 1975 amendment rewrote this section which, prior to amendment, read:

"Any peace officer of the state of Utah, while attempting to effect an arrest for a public offense may cross jurisdictional boundaries within the state when in fresh pursuit of an offender for the purpose of arresting and holding that person in custody or returning him to the juris-

diction where the offense was committed and take all other necessary measures that could be taken in his own jurisdic-tion."

Title of

An act relating to pursuit by peace officers; authorizing peace officers attempting to effect an arrest to cross jurisdictional boundaries within this state if in pursuit of one suspected of committing a public offense.—Laws 1971. ch. 900 suspected of com--Laws 1971, ch. 2

suspect's ler, to be appearance without order.—(1) A magistrate may issue an order, to be executed by a peace officer, requiring a suspect to appear in a line-up when there is probable cause to believe that a crime has been committed and reason to believe that the suspect committed it.

(2) A suspect that has been arrested and is in custody may be re-Arrested Order of magistrate Line-up procedures-77-13-37. THE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF

be court (2) A suspect that has been arrested and is in custody may quired by a peace officer to appear in a line-up without a court having been issued.

History: L. 1971, ch. 198, §

Title of Act.

relating to criminal line-ups; pro-

orde viding for the issuance of cing appearance at line-ups; ing line-up procedures.

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# CODE. OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE

—A suspect has the right to have his attorney present at a line-up, and the magistrate shall notify the suspect of this right. Every person that is unablest to employ counsel shall have representation by an attorney appointed by the magistrate for purposes of the line-up. Suspect's right to have attorney present. Line-up procedures-77-13-38.

History: L. 1971, ch. 198, § 2.

Identification at the scene.

This section applies to line-ups; it does not require the presence of an attorney for

an accused who is presented to the virting for identification less than one block from the scene of the crime, and within ten to fifteen minutes of its commission. Statem v. Allen, 29 U. (2d) 442, 511 P. 2d 159.

proceedings.—The peace officers conducting a line-up shall not attempt to influence the identification of any particular suspect in the line-up. The rersations between the witnesses and the conducting peace officers. The suspect shall have access to the record taken at a line-up and shall have between the witnesses and the conducting peace officers. The access to copies of any photographs taken of the suspect or any other persons in connection with a line-up.

198, \$ 1971, ch. History:

# CHAPTER 15-PRELIMINARY EXAMINATIONS

Exclusion of spectators on request. Section 77-15-13.

Magistrate to inform prisoner of charge and of his rights.

Right to aid of counsel.

Confession is not inadmissible in evidence merely because defendant was immature and without advice of counsel, friends or relatives when it was made. State v. Bransch, 119 U. 450, 229 P. 2d

versal of an automobile homicide conviction because he was taken into custody and questioned by police officers and a justice of the peace during the first two hours following the accident without being advised of his right to the aid of counsel or told that his statements might be used against him. State v. Nelson, 12 U. (2d) 177, 364 P. 2d 409.

Trial court did not err in denying defendant's motion for second preliminary hearing upon appointment of new counsel, since purpose of preliminary hearing upon appointment of new counsel, since purpose of preliminary hearing is for magistrate to determine probable cause and not discovery of evidence. State

Held, that the right to counsel at the arraignment and at the time the defendants entered their pleas is not understandingly, intelligently, or competently waived where they were not informed that their pleas would waive errors in prior proceedings arising out of a denial of their right to counsel arising out of self incrimination in the absence of counsel, or any other defect or irregularity. Application of Sulvan, 126 F. Supp. 564.

The right to counsel is not limited to counsel at a trial but it is a right to have counsel at a trial but it is a right to counsel at every stage of the proceeding. Application of Sullivan, 126 F. Supp. 564.

counsel at have couns ceeding. A Supp. 564.

The Right to be Provided Counsel: A. Variations on a Familiar Theme, by Lestor J. Mazor, 9 Utah Law Review 50.

to procure counsel. Time and messages allowed 77-15-2.

Gited or applied in Application of Sullivan, 126 F. Supp. 564.

general. In

Cited in Pons v. Faux, 16 P. 2d 407.

Exclusion an

77-15-12.

art and n from ( Separation of witnesses. Failure of trial concesses excluded frontrial to keep apart cother did not consti Exclusion also, upon the reques torney general, the co except every person 77-15-13.

3. L. 1917, § 8749 105-15-13; L. 197 History: § 4669; C

Compiler's Notes. The 1973

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When trans 77-15-14.

of stenographe Transcript of transcript.

Where the record of promony did not state the fession of a witness as re(1) of this section, such of error as defendant could

Custody and 77-15-15.

Release of stolen property 'Wall plaque stolen by properly admitted into edespite fact it had been

Defendant h 77-15-19.

e of magistrate over defendant fr Failure to sign order. Failure binding or

Examination 77-15-29. applied in Ba Cited or

Testimony t general. Cited or applied in 77-15-31.

R. PAUL VAN DAM COUNTY ATTORNEY By: W. R. HYDE Deputy County Attorney C-220 Metropolitan Hall of Justi Salt Lake City, Utah 84111 Telephone: 532-7077

FILED IN CLERK'S OFFICE Salt Lake County, Utak

OCT 1 1975

W. Stocking Evans, Plark 3rd Dist. Court

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H K F<sub>0</sub> AND UTAH NI • L COURT 0 ш AT ST CI STRI LAKE 0 -SAL JUDICIAL J 0 COUNTY THIRD 开 1 Z

THE STATE OF UTAH

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPEARANCE

F THEODORE R. BUNDY

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ORDER TO APPEAR

ter that o'clock  $\sqsubseteq$ 8 No.K a and Metropolita dnline-up. 0 Theodore d advised O for ne that 'n Honorabl :30 -Court provided believe B this 0 in that hereby 4 the a trict a a subject during th 5 197 a 4 10 be believ ore B are S Di 7 cause Will Will of Utal P + October You present 9 a t o as ۲ Judici counsel appear e participate probabl reason State same. J 0 counsel Third day 10 ^ and the counsel Lake forth COMMANDED 2nd the committed have committed 10 Salt the set 0 f there afford to 0 0 been ARE Judge 40 right Φ been and County have YOU Justic nnot having D then a has may Ca eary have the 0 no crime Bundy a Hall А.М. ther you > 070 ŦI 4

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the Tell t0 as instruction, and afterwards. evidence the you your be to talk to That will present and I want COURT: ahead things 80 10

Jerry Officer affiant, office Sheriff's the like County I would Salt Lake HYDE: Thompson,

Judge.) the sworn by (Witness

affiant for today before the Bundi be Theodore to Court, appearing for District Appearance are you Third Thompson, correct? of Leary, Order that requested Officer Peter F. 7.5 lineup, Judge in

sir Yes Ą.

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- the November to regard in in Murray event in the Darounch, familiar with Carolyn you one Are 0.1 kidnapping ò 1974?
- am. Н Yes, Α.
- identification kidnapping require Mr that an lineup to for to case regard this that in ο£ to Darounch regard purpose ٠٢. دي Miss in the appear Yes victim, Is ò to the Bundi by

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- Mis to talkæ to that evening? occasion had οE you events have Thompson, concerning the Mr. ġ Darounch
- A. Yes, I have.
- that of date the court give the the kidnapping occurred? Would you ò
- A. November 8, 1974
- Q. And where did it occur?
- in Murray the Fashion Place Mall a T Was A.
- described suspect' that the to vehicle regard the in describe event this you that vehicle? concerning Would ò you ο£ use
- front license was 'n iτ older model brown, and about i, or light front bumper or recall in an tear as could large xxx color, white at that time she B Ŋ thing part had having stuffing was comong out of it was described distinct not in cop Volkswagen bug, light as the most described seat It the the back and also plate was in
- Q. Is this the back seat?
- back the o£ top the back window, back seat and it's through the This is the is visible which A. seat
- to regard in occurred of the kidnapping? what describe the event would yku Okay, vehicle and ò this
- by arrested was and individual charge-that time Ø Highway Patrol on Since Α. Utah
- Q. That we individual being whom?
- Volks description the Bundi, this Theodore individal had that night matched a being individial vehiclein that That this Α. and also wagen
- description the you describe how it matched Would ò
- and vehicle, Gray there was no bumper across a either that tear of. would say the front have the it, Н did on color, out of seat plate light in the back stuffing coming front license U color, It was tan ou a11, the there was A. or light top with vas that
- par another in. subsequently located that vbhicle Was C

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Theodore Bundi concerning this vehicle?

- A. Hes, I did.
- vehiele victim such vehicle? the view knowledge did to opportunity did, to your rounch have an And ò Miss
- A Yes she has.
- viewing the result of that indicate what can you And ċ was?
- that it viewing was the vamicle, the of time fixed. the opinion that Or however since been changed particular night, in her That had seat that used back
- MY to talk this viewing to you previously vehicle? about this Did ò
- A Yes, I have.
- previous state? in a اء. 1 οĘ have you taken pictures And ċ
- state previous the in it T taken pictures with permission I had Bundi's A. with Mr.
- subsequently happened to that vehicle? What ò
- painted appearance and may vehicle been freshly pumper different i. has that seat of the outward the possible appear back one, have the front the the another did it's and in my opinion to either time, it been changed license plate have been replaced on color or but replaced with that don't know, since in have tan vehicle or darker SA SA Н either been fixed been changed been waxed, the hubcaps The Ŋ to me. maybe point and has to
- vehicle that OWD oti11 Does Mr. Bundi ·
- A. No, he daesn't
- occasions Miss of to are you award displayed peen occasion, photograph has you had Bundi's Have ó Mr. Darounch?
- A. Yes.
- a you that event first photograph? could you describe the to this of in regard And ò aware
- work in Mountain Bundi had her arrest photo of Mr. of Through them Н place and individuals her was at the had 04 first event to H nichtros 30 where probably telephone The u. C OE Α. packet Be11, 2121

Page four

know don't u don' I'm  $\vdash$ **I** but one, said the individual, "This about she stated Bundi's, asked her what the she most like except Mr. in her hand and Н there" then the picutres looks one what was it the in guess οĘ anyone sure".

- photographic other there any was To your knowledge Do-you-remember-this, ò display?
- show tha stating and pictures obtained also o£ this photow was group Of out a in the individual license s picture Bountiful officers driver's Mr. Bundi was she believed that W Yes, pulled some bÿ she to her and
- Darounch spspect description Miss 8th? the of November of authorities the evening describe police the you uo the the kidnapping gave Could OL you gave o £
- referring to close the a S over rest without individual having brown hair, the the don't recall she described 180, 170 pounds, that I I recall than AS about other notes foot, to my
- Bundi Mr. ΟĒ observarion your describe Would you ċ
- , spunod U to 185 time this 175 at foet tall, ears, the 9 is over Mr. Bundi combed hair, A. brown
- Q. Anything else?

of November? the describe 8th you the would on Darounch Thompson, occurred with Miss happened to her?ояххяв Officer YOCOM: that MR. What

officer Rallins that just finding course pretense and they the Fashion Place that there wasxaxfellow ο£ recall closed vehicle, name οĘ this under the some individuals etense don't was the were During to her that her pr Н gave a was, and out something she was in of the mall as over. which approached her he to come sahd to check the vehicle ovをficer been broken into by door OIL to her substation where he her Laundromat Ü the inside Murray podice oanted to According individual they went thought, B ateng had down her an Ø waiting, A it wanted was she Murray he was walked Mall, that OL IJ .1

Page Five

one on that she became extremely individual got told him some he then asked got at her insued between 6100 came down that he was very safety minded and for believe in, he they but got both of threatened her east on came Was turned she the asked then walked through street where as get no time, a vehicle thought vehicle, Н something, anyone in his car without one, by J.B.'s; at all, described first, and then drove then to put handcuffs her to stuggel suspicious out of the vehicle with what she subject caliber pistol, out of the did get the handcuffs on her, same arm, I'm not sure which came get any reading on it a Volkswagen, got she I don't recall the elementary schook, at that time a handle or there vehicle at this the what "I'll take you down there," they 6100 South going to put became more way. get on, individual attempted her then showed her or jack time, the struggle insued lights Ø then managed to small seat belt on and drove to I believe it's the door of time, she crow bar it's ď she wasn't turn, that did not and he didn't want displayed road, with in his vehicke he a a d a South, made ď shem that victim, he more I.D., type bade, to put Erightened them, the opened came that with it, the at this, a then out the he

YOCOM: That's all I have.

an probably will and Н committed 1.5 and lineup. there たた suspect committed peen finds that Ø for crime has appear The Court suspect to believe the that the the COURT: that believe cause

at this requirement in the at 9:30 rights to prepared tomorrow morning onxth statutory advise him of his order the the. that pursuant to I will have and appear lineup that he is to to for HYDE: regard building in

U represente appeared TRANSCRIPT AND with NI October, had: together COURT OF THE THERD JUDICIAL DISTRICT 5-242 defendant Utah REPORTER'S were ο£ UTAH of MISC. proceedings Judge, day State attorney named OF 2nd STATE Leary, the above the county O'Connell; SALT LAKE, no rollowing APPEARANGE che <u>ن</u> เกิดต deputy Peter hour of 9:00 REMEMBERED John D. THE MATTER OF THE the Honorable BUNDY Hyde, YTT-11013 STATE OF UTAIL WHEREUPON, DISTRICT License ≃' attorney, William R. II che 1.111.1. THEODORE BE at FOR C.S.R. THE before 1975, THE his by IN OF ZIN 3 r, 07 23 C.1 3 55 1 21 10 12 13

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dien think on stand his record that yesterday? the epared reflect of pr 11 enefi and to issued 2 record order the appearance have that the ME like to May pursuant lineup would HYDE: O'Connell the lineup appeared order in

eason ty reason authori you has objection "there having reads "that here, if crime may OL a Order Theodore and put the to believe" That an Ø committed, to the gives that copy state and that that it". face statute which believe a art to the I have believe "reason states committed peen like O É The statute believe on to words has would court, Honor, けつ art cause same". crime suspect and reason are the Order. 0.5 the Your probable the words Н compliance with believe" Ŋ MR. O'CONNELL: middle, bу that the the committed copy, issued into that οĘ committed, forth rause たり C in the issuance interjected like cause believe Order set may have probable ٠. ۲. would have" peen been able not for

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what believe be L exactly willto believe is reason amended. that to was that Order reason there know want the and found don't committed you Н Н think that Well, **٠**٢ been 80 that. committed it, COURT: has to do Н found, crime happy a 1-1

affida OE basis the no done this Was O'CONNELL: testimony? MR. OI

COURT: Testimony.

there time the wasat defined suspect Court the that The believe HYDE: MR. tっ Son

COURT: I don't recall.

record the on 1.5 that think H HYDE: MR

in Sot "may have" finding. know how my was don't don't think that COURT:

hearing a matter, was This O'CONNELL:

COURT: It was a hearing of record.

comply order and the lineup? Court's enforcement officer the to *а* 8 Thanks, and is record the law the in with the instructions MR. O'CONNELL: down 80 Bundy with Mr.

COURT: Yes sir

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# CERTIFICAT

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STATE OF UTAH ) : SS COUNTY OF SALT LAKE)

1975, correct #5-242, in and October, and to Misc. Public; set o £ certify S Notary day relation as record 2nd ability and hereby the said in on and Shorthand Reporter, 0 F inclusive knowledge transcription Miller, preceding Utah. Penny C. шy , O through the State the Certified best reported I, that pages-1 the and to a

Dated this 20th day of January, 1976.

Penny C. Miller Certified Shorthand Rep

My Commission Expires October 17, 1976 ナ

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SOUND PROCESS OF DUE A RESULT THE AMENDMENT MITH IDENTIFIED AS COMPORTED FOURTEENTH AUPHILLANT WAS POLICE PROCEDURES WHICH RETUIREMENTS OF THE

comported an Court contends that the police obtained Of of this procedures which identification." result by this fully circumstances ದ identification procedures outlined as DaRonch police in "irreparable mistaken as him by Miss the requirements suggestive" under Appellant submits, Federal Courts identification of case, the police due process "unnecessarily Respondent resulted with the

concerning In that completed police process rule by The defendant the five In upholding (1961)heapital where the victim had just genesis of the modern rule to due established the They surrounded by 293 relates decided. times. u.s. lication was made. as it eleven 388 Court be and Denno, 40 identification hundcuffed a woman thc arc Lon 1808 the Stovall a man stabbed Perhaps COLLT ident There, subsequent ದ out-of-court 40 in officers, an defendant's taken found surgery. which case 7.5

"[Is the] confrontation conducted in this case . . . so unnecessarily suggestive and condusive to irreparable mistaken identification that [the defendant] was denied due process of law?" 388 U.S. at 302.

Further the Court said:

procedure al identification? 4 ο£ . . S identification light ٠, SO in 4 .4 whether Then, mistaken case, the is suggestive irreparable test the the OF unnecessarily words ircumstances 40 condusive other 1.5 U

whereas Court photographi ons > number case 0 Were Simmons identificati "show-up" Supreme other That which witnesses indeterminate in th and the W photographs However, Ø defendant 0 concerned involved (1968), includ an after noted 0 lineup. the viewed 377 of case mainly rule nse of Court robbery S Stovall d witnesses D snapshots S oval the and 390 ٠, The. S bank through 4 Ca identification S tates, The the ant the ರ 0 some pictur insta S ed involved secured extend United Later, shown the Of

"Despite the hazards of initial identification by photograph, this procedure has been used widely and effectively in criminal law enforcement

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khonerate is circuders and of sparing ispect: the ignominy of arrest eyewitnesses to exhonerate the scrutiny of photographs. 0 both from the standpoint both apprehending offenders a innocent suspect; the ight allowing eyewitnesses them through scrutiny of 390 U.S. at 384.

the 0 an ĭ 4 upheld S .1 Q applying photographs Court and the of 4 is procedure 0 use 4 Н Stoval the bing enforcement the photographs escr adopting J After law conviction, 44 0 effective 0) S Z the

be considered on its own facts, and that convictions based on eyewitness identification at trial following a pretrial identification by photographs will be set aside on that ground only if the photographic identification procedure was so impermissibly suggestive as to give rise to a verv ... O substantial misidentific e to a very irreparable ΨQ give hood Id. a which day indicate the the seventh photographs one WAS 40 each inconclusive circumstances second, viewing dn shown scene to 4 10 for mask; shown ourth, evidence when crime were perpetrator committed ΟĒ no were use 44 third, photographs alone wore several the defendant; no the photos been fth, perpetrator was was large; the for sted £i S 0 had six ther witnes observed ty the the quickly; 11 at necessi felony least still eighth; eventh, towards the the had 4 at L sno. d ac Was sixth tenth, el CoJ indicate tnesses minutes; ninth, pointed -1 40 ser and H Supreme 0 sary 4 it; • • d d witness photos; M 1 نه ater would clues perpe neces five Firs well the The

in 38 circum-384. at these S D 390 Of one suspicion. but all case that under instant infra were the show in sted per will any exi. Respondent whether stances

S I the onz In approved C S thi enforcement 1974) always (Utah, law has Z Court .4 2 On 123 ti. Supreme 2d identifica 24 523 Utah enkins, photographic The 5 > State said OF

ns suspected effectively t 1233. ind practical persons susper n used effi use of photographs of as a proper and present searching out person been 523 P. which has οf Years recognized means of se of crime wh for many ve "The many

S -1 S tice officer jus that enforcement 80 procedures law that OF D sai types also these has use Court to This need done

40 be officers should not b legitimate attempts tand to seek out and have committed them." Utah 2d 48, 492 p.2d = to seek out committed t 2d 48, 492 . . . police hampered in iqate crimes who 27 those Perry, unduly hampe investigate identify tho State v. Per 1349 (1972).

very Court said test with Supreme Court test D adopted this States court's has supra, United latter Court Perry, the thc Supreme ħλ cited > nseq State Utah times that The In to at approval has similar and

whether Was to see where we re there we regarded that scrutinized should be reg persuasive t e likelihood οĘ to n procedure should be re circumstances court pe should trial carefully by the tria in the identification anything done which sl reasonable and ing done which suggestive is a reasona the case individual 20 there as

recollec-something be genuine recollec or not ne guilt should r in thereby. and and Was that not the ation was e knowledge e but an accused to tested the l352. tainted witness, OL the identifica 13 and of distorted the at. 40 of innocence allowed to 492 P.2d a so distor fairness product tion of

the OF that determination 4 court Was noted identification trial рe also the the nodn must making photographic rests ۲. for corollary suggestive tγ responsibili d not ably OK whether irrepar prime

respect to the the responsibility like the determinate disturbed unless he was in exfort because and is something which bognized prerogatives position with respec the make be d he that is primarily al court to m should not clearly that nis recogni advantaged pos trial, it is p: of the trial co tion, which sho it appears clear "This

of weight United the the supra to AS goes Simmons, admissiblity determination in said its Court the not because Supreme estimony, 1.5 States This the

"The danger that use of the technique may result in convictions based on misidentification may be substantially lessened by a course of cross-examination at trial which exposes to the jury the method's potential for error." 390 U.S. at 384.

identifica prejudice the of receive contentions accordingly maydefendant's court evidence trial the the the to words, igh sten W.E. other then 11. tion, and In

Court has not catalogued which circumstances examination identifica of photographic an but upheld questions pe use will answers both support the procedures several cases favorably This which OK

the defendant and was The Court held 1974), method used 359 (Utah, 359. at about the P.2d hospital. picture of P.2d 526 526 ಡ improper identification." single taken to view him in EK. > State nothing shown a In Was the victim was "there secure

photograph Stovall police station. group and the witness was the with defendant's the witness viewed comported 2d another the 28 Utah at shown the Later shown the defendant's photograph in mirror procedure In State v. Wettstein, eight. Finally, a two-way witness was that the seven or through another. Court held group of (1972), defendant 1084

identification witness the victim viewed defendant in a lineup but could not identify him. saw him 466 courtroom where the on a positive 107, the man she 2d Finally, 24 Utah 847, said and made 400 U.S. She Gilpin, to a criminal. hearing stand. took her cert. den. State v. the the preliminary on the witness Court held: pe Officers, later (1970), stand might This at

trial, and the the confrontation the confrontation the defendant's identhe robbery, and we do tre made under conditieliability." 1 0 in the were m unreli e opinion that ant prior to t surrounding t not suggestive as as a participant in conclude that they us of unfairness or up.2d at 836. "We are of the of the of the circumstances s were not suggestity as a partinot conclude th tions of unfair 466 P.2d at 836

that established is 4 ٠, cases, above 0 tΉ OIII ч 1

- purposes 1 U 0 suspec Ţ pho d Ц ollow tion οf identifica photos 4 0 4 O tiple ssibl Ч mul rmi ξo S e show d photo S t o i.t use O and permissibl to (3) proper S S witne 1.5 S ٠, i, -1 d (1)(2) t o
- FACT STATEMENT DELETED AS COURT MUST REFER TO FACTS IN EVIDENCE

lineup.

d

identification with

submit .1 case case Φ g a People this U S Simmons thi in facts, When used the the a o f V e procedur suggesti to criteria law identification the unnecessarily the Applying against the D not O measur that Was

comported with due appellant; fourth, indicate six photos had perpetrator perpetrator wore no at DaRonch; ninth, Miss DaRonch felony in the photos were still not least serious did fifth, perpetrator was fully the witness had observed the the police eighth, at toward act quickly; procedures d First, sixth, the clues were pointing of the persons tenth, minutes; the requirements. that the 40 second, been well lit; shown to Miss alone; necessary than five apparent whether any committed; photos suspicion. seventh, it was

by Simmons. than saw more areas, the circumstances photos For longer she six case fact, criteria given as a guide two Simmons Clearly, more than exceeded. captor that Saw in in only photos were viewed by Miss DaRonch; Wercas the witness in DaRonch was with her guidelines are defendant She all the above the that number of the the thousands areas, least meet example, Miss 384-385). appellant, T L five minutes some viewed than

photographs some victim not met 380) never detectives Nei Woman say in the at but him t; . d ۲. ای However, S.Ct. later (1972)had photographs that two viewed and 3 where months 6 guideline 375 view DaRonch made crime. station S.Ct. saying: Seven numerous her Was the Miss Simmons into 93 identification after police identification. upheld, 1.88 shown defendant element. only nine months the U.S. Court Was 409 けっ time She An the was taken the Biggers, an the walked words. which about raped made

is, or photographic for reliability was we find no sub-misidentification." victim any at factor negative factore, the he a serious it cases. Here, however, nony is undisputed that the ' no previous identification a showups, lineups, or photo ngs. Her record for reliabi the This seven months between the confrontation. sure, be made no previous ider of the showups, line showings. Her record thus a good one . stantial likelihood og S.Ct. at 383. 10 was, "There testimony O.f be and most Japse rape a would in

she the Ö until Of in lapse thousands applies identification month reasoning shown nine the Miss DaRonch was an this Thus, made that prejudicial never submits she case. appellant Yet not Respondent is instant photos time Saw

iden before Was >1 eyewitness 0 defendant after lapse St the United months said: in time An d arose In five 1974) Court d orders. involving made Appeals. defendant's picture Cir. the Was money law, (10th case identification Of forging the Court 151 Another Applying F. 2d Circuit OF the 499 convicted a photo tified crime. Tenth Roby,

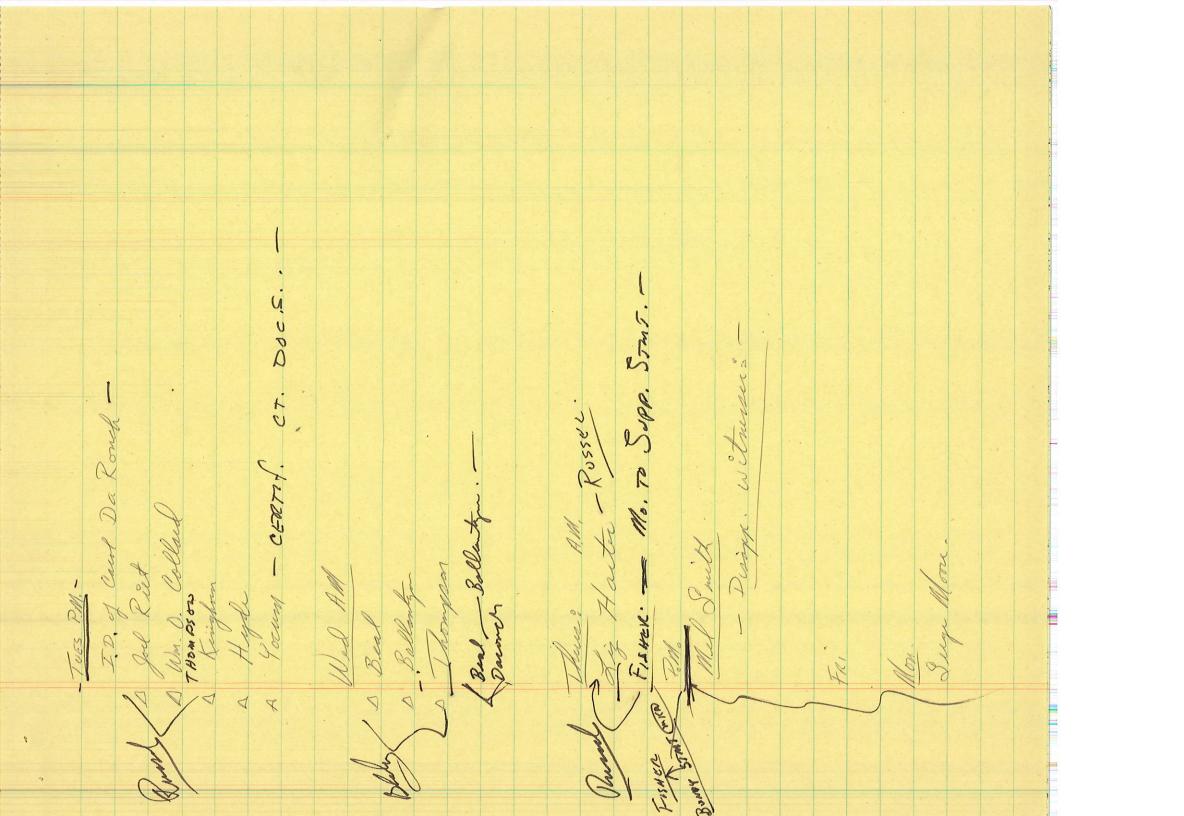
sufficient time to observe the manner of the theft, described in detail the coat worn by the thief, . . identified only Roby in a photographic showup of more than one photograph, and unequivocally identified Roby at trial. thief d itsel was P.2d he delay in its determinative. · the the that was masked or that ty store in question rilluminated." 499 IRoby at no evidence masked or t eyewitness the time be no not. sufficient manner of t The 7.8 There is thief was grocery poorly in 154. should

lineup criminal from case the him instant the a only observe him the identified identified to 40 time language assailant, sufficient absolutely this Applying the had and described DaRonch photographs, Miss She

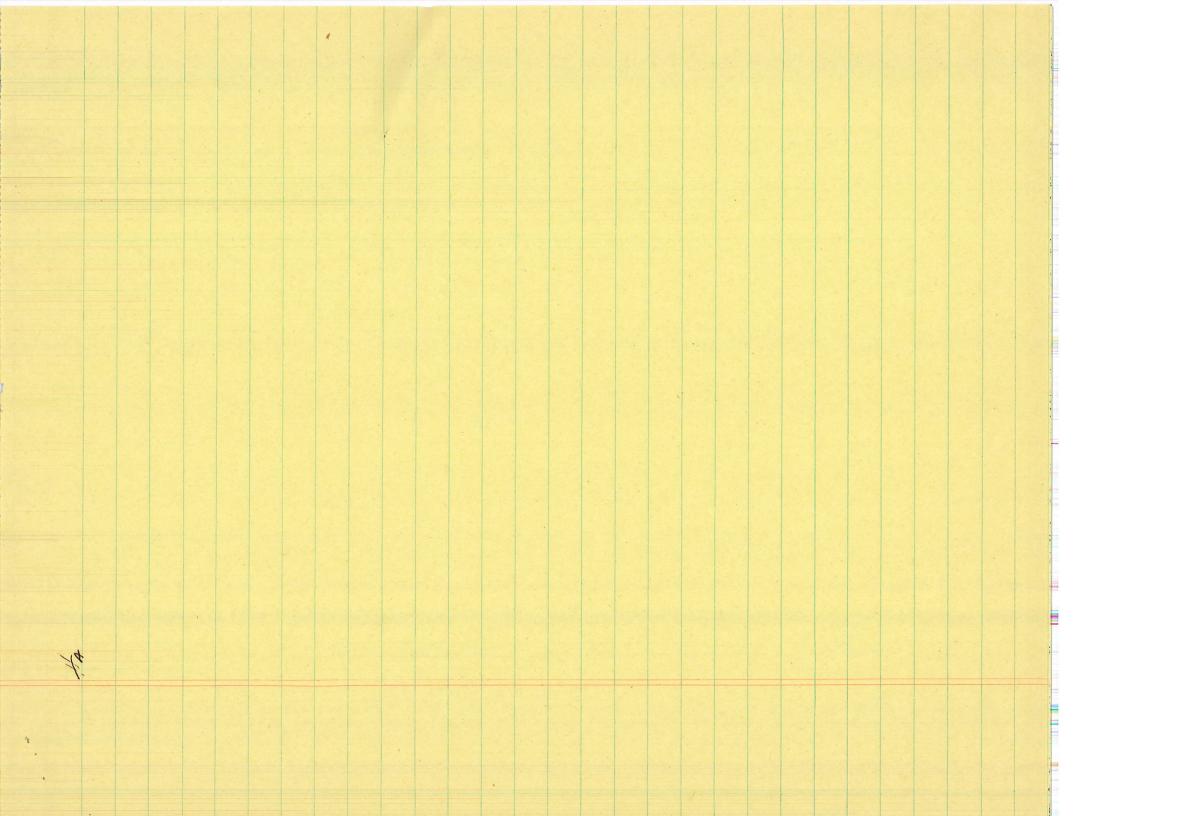
case, and Was under himself victim demonstrate the instant and ರ  $p\lambda$ law supra, himself, case Utah in as EK, instant under defendant defendant process State the Of In the the due facts Of shown standards with picture The Was comportment then d federal shown but

That procedure was upheld by not in the certain facts the she was victim could positively victim could person uo The victim that the instant for inherent prejudice than The defendant she DaRonch was Thereafter, in three times before she preliminary hearing. assailant Q Later, another case. the supra, Miss she observed lineup. Respondent submits she saw her the man. case, State v. Gilpin, lineup. Q the defendant part of instant in that could be identified him at the show less likelihood taken to Court where identify a defendant first time as a part of In the stand In this Court. see very case. sure. thought witness to

- Oct 3 1975 Nov 15, 1977 E W



-- Purs HER IN J. B.S. -Mrs. Comstyning - 14 50; @ 10-30 - 10:45. S pueds. > 4 Ben FORTES. - TIME TO DRIVE. Safe Boye. Da Senen Sono. Timit's BITHALT



STATE OF UTAH, Ss. County of Salt Lake,

# in the Justice's Court

Justice of the Peace. Precinct No. Price Henry Salt Lake County Before

Theodore Robert Bundy DOB 11/24/46  " 565-1st Ave.  Gity  On this 20th day of August  On this Sth  Henry Price  Sth  Precinct, Salt Lake County, State of Utah, personall, appeared Deputy Darrel Ondrak  who on being duly sworn by me, on his oath did say that Theodore Robert Bundy
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August day of-16th on the-

at the County of Salt Lake, State of Utah, did commit the crime of

57

theft, that commission of an other things adapted, manifesting an intent to use or acknowledge SHO 6, Section 205 Utah Gode Annotated burglary ಡ facilitating the commission of devices, articles and some person intends to use the same in the OL or commonly used in advancing in violation of Title 76; Chapter tools, circumstances Possessing instruments, offense under designed

STATE OF UTAH
COUNTY OF STATE OF UTAH, DO HEREBY
COURT OF STATE AND FOREGOING IS
WITNESS MY
THIS CLE DAY OF THIS CLERK
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THE STATE AND FOREGOING IS
WITNESS MY
THIS CLERK
THI

contrary to the provisions of the Statute of the State aforesaid, in such cases made and provided, and M against the peace and dignity of the State of Utah.

about writters sworn to before me, the day and year first Subscribed and

S. Morrowli C

Justice of the Peace

IN THE DISTRICT COURT

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PITKIN

Griminal Action No. C-1616

COLORADO

CFO CFO

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF COLORADO,

Plaintiff

MOTION TO SUPPRESS EVIDEN

S

THEODORE R. BUNDY

Defendant,

E. Theodore 0 old the Defendant, follows: MOU Comes S S states and

- Criminal Procedura of evidence inadmissible above entitled action. Rule 41, seeks 40 suppression holding such evidence hereby pursuant OF Rules Defendant for the and testimony Colorado in the defendant to move grounds. trial the requests a court order of evidence future hearings and 747 different Rule 30 permits the suppression ri several
- matter suppression examined Since Can the publica fully suppression made 40 1977。 evidence that evidence an in camera permission previously evidence 640 13 23, part the doing so to-be-suppressed for May inadmissible made determine whether seeks to-be-suppressed suppress hearing was also seeking scheduled for will be defendant 40 The rationale the motion suppression the motion which 4 18 100 case, the to have the the bag to camera Defendant Ø hearing JO by record nature 23, 1977. futile out of camera held in in a this ď 2 described exact of public. in would be 9 hearing. will be record on May an would in

Motion to Suppress Evidence Page

and Fifth, SHO Constitution, Constitution Fourth, the States he h 4 no 90 the United founded 18 Section S --motion Fourteenth Amendments to and 5 This upon Section Colorado also

the second of th

8 court to further sought 1977 and the elvdence camera on May 23, of May, 1977. matter, requests the this the Defendant to enumerate on hearing in suppressed by this motion requests permission evidentiary Wherefore, an hold

day

Dated this

Submitted, Respectfully

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Bundy

County Jail Springs, Colorado Theodore Pro Se Garfield IN THE DISTRICT COURT

IN AD FOR THE COUNTY OF PITKIN

STATE OF COLORADO

Criminal Action No. C. 1616

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF COLORADO,

Plaintiff,

MOTION TO SUPPRESS INCORPOREAL, LINEUP, AND IN-COURT IDENTIFICATION TESTIMONY OF CAROL DARONCH

> φ Ω Δ

THEODORE R. BUNDY

Defendant

Theodore . . . pro Defendant the follows: NOU Comes S S states

and

- testimony endant intent1 hearing the for de DaRonch's an preliminary DaRonch the demonstrated identifying Ms. Carol B action. i. one has bor bose things, Of prosecution present testimony among other ಥ such the The for the in introduce ř actor received case of, purpose this the Was 40 as in
- DaRonch has testimony photograph, several S S This Carol defendant 1974. and ons defendant's lineup occasi the φ, of November previous Ø identification G C in identifications defendant of several night of her the On dentifications identification 40 5 CHO 40 testified kidrapper referred
- the which irre parable Was every DaRonch suggestion and of Of 9 each MS likelihood defendaget impermissible by that defendant maintains depriving substantial the constitutionally Defendant of thus made very law misidentifcation, dentification Ø Of 40 process JO rise esult gave

Identification DaRonch Suppress t C Motion 2

dnissue crime less elzure defendant's Line suspect "probable partici otion identification Carol DaRonch's Of 40 believe that a 47 Constitution, w on order Annotated in that magistrate unlawful the the seized the appear through Of that E E and unconstitutional in and arrest than to his an рө Code person to line-up believe pursuant a States Therefore, to that 40 45 Fourth rather allow law. Utah person amounted cause alleges 40 the United of pre-trial seizure to statute, the standard Ø 1975, reason process probable a magistrate to require purports defendant's Ď standard. 1975, also established C] illegal Utah Ø her believe" 40 due invalid October 7 ब्रगत S S Defendant which Fourteenth Amendment concerning The 'nim there constitutional October committed thereby permitting ลุ่ม 40 on (1953)OF denying :N cause" standard person. when ٦. د line-up "reason fruit dated committed testimony been -13-37 order his person, allows the court than Ø Ø 40 On 7.S 77

person identifcation W proces requests 0.8 to hold his procedures due Of court further 40 arrest DaRonch's right Of moves the ਬਸਪ੍ਰ and (1)(U) defendant' seizure Carol matter result Defendant of this the unreasonable nse violate is CIJ the **ن** ب • evidentiary hearing Wherefore suppressing because 40 ಚಚ of an suggestive testimony (2) and

respectfully subjected

1977

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May

of

day

this

Dated

Theodore R. Sundy
Pro Se
Garfield County Jail
Glenwood Springs, Coloredo

### IN THE DISTRICT COURT

## IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PITKEN

### STATE OF COLORADO

Criminal Action No. C-1616

SUPPRESS PHOTGRAPHIC IDENTIFICATION TESTINONY OF LIZABETH HARTER MOLTOM 1. f. f. Defendant 177 COLORADO, BUIDE CG PEOFIE THEODORE THE PE STATE 20

- Bundy Theodore . OS 0 Defendant the follows NOU Come 3 staes and
- line D photographic ial cked recalled गंग action she 10 son id the なった depicted defendant time per present During she the that -entitled  $\omega$ man person viewed the because 40 なか ಥ Harter S intends degree, and .-The she above shown zabeth 1976, that . the The prosecution some 1975 Mrs. those fect 16, in Li to 12, one hearing January 44 anong 0 esembled, January the. cked Jo testimony from C+ j preliminary about uo testified photogrph Bundy picture picture seeing Or the OTO
- defendant surrounding -up gave GO likelihood line depriving and incorporeal 5 preceding substanti thus law Of sidentification, both the (1) and proces of reunstance serions viewing due due († () very mj S 3 rreparable Harter ct 40 Ø hi rise

Motion to Suppress Marter Identification Page 2.

by Mrs. question requests for testimony the court further identification the Defendant moves and said hearing issue, concerning the this upon conclusion of the evidentiary hearing on Wherefore Lizabeth Harter suppressed that be

Dated this Min day of May, 1977

Theodore R. Clady
Pro Se
Garfield County Jail
Glorwcod Springs, Colo

fully

spect.

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IN THE DISTRICT COURT

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PITKIN

STATE OF COLORADO

Criminal Action No. C-1616

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF COLORADO,

Plaintiff,

THEODORE ROBERT BUNDY

Defendant.

SUPPRESS EVIDENCE TO MOTION SUPPLEMENT

Comes now the Defendant, pro se, Theodore Robert Sundy, and states as follows:

- On May 13, 1977, defendant filled a Motion To presently A hearing on this motion is scheduled for June 22, 1977. Evidence. Suppress
- of this Supplement is to give the prosecution adequate notice that it may prepare for the hearings on this matter which might prove prejudicial to the defendant. The purpose Defendant was necessarily vague in his Motion information concerning evidence sought to be suppressed to avoid the public dissemination of To Suppress so as
- Attorney would maintain the strictest confidentiality Supplement would not be made public by the court and that the suppressed in a Supplement. Further, it was agreed that the Mitlon K. Blakey and the defendant reached an under on the record that the defendant would describe in On May 26, 1977, Judge George Lohr, District and physical evidence to-berespect to this supplemental motion. testimony detail the 3. District standing Attorney with

Supplement To Motion To Suppress Page 2. Defendant's Motion To Suppress requests a to determine the admissibility of and mowes for ordered suppression of the following: \* 47 hearing

seized during defendant's 1968 Volkswagen on August 16, 1975. (a) Testimony concerning and evidence a search of

Testimony concerning and evidence seized during (p)

defendant's apartment on August 21, 1975. a search of

physical evidence, including hair obtained from a 1968 Volkswagen formerly owned by was selzed on October 3, 1975, pursuant to a search warrant issued on October 2, 1975. (c) All items of the defendant, which vehicle specimens,

January 13, 1975, which were allegedly signed by the defendant. (d) Credit card slips dated January 12, 1975, and

that the legal grounds and relief sought in that Motion apply in Paragraph 4. of this Wherefore, defendant requests that this Supplement incorporated as part of his Motion To Suppress Evidence, such additional and the court order to the testimony and evidence listed deems proper. further relief as it Supplement, and that

Dated this day of May, 1977.

Respectfully Submitted,

Theodore Robert Bundy
Pro Se
Garfield County Jail
Glenwood Springs, Colorado 81601

PITKIN 0-1616 COURT COLORADO 년0 No. COUNTY DISTRICT Action O.F. THE STATE THE FOR ZI AND

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF COLORADO,

MOTION IN LIMINE

Plaintiff

VS.

HEODORE ROBERT BUNDY,

Defendant.

follows: prosec herein. Bundy, as the alleges Theodore Robert prohibiting enumerated and states Order evidence Defendant, g the defendant for certain in limine, COMES NOW the from presenting therefore, and moves, grounds ution

- transaction transaction involving Melissa and identity, and willconnected transactions Q i, (7) intent, motive, that occurances not indicated are above entirely different, OP the ಥ design, The prosecution has transactions and (2) that an aid in proving alleges Carol DaRonch, "similar" charged are Defendant guilty knowledge. ٦ involving 8 not nse Smith. crime 10
- charged present prėjudice crime tends t he the 4,0 to beget such evidence for not related tried likely e Q transactions and that only innuendo astray." should jurors, "daming jury interduction of Defendant the of the ಭ lead create minds confuse and case will the the in
- GTO. Robert an comparison introduce and hair expert, opinion in connection with micrscopic 40 Campbell, The intends defendant. Caryn also The prosecution deceased, ρ'n peumo the former ly taken from 3 expert's

Limine In on 2 Moti Page

matter croscopic this ceased 四十 in = de are hearing the cle from vehi preliminary taken Ø thi in hairs  $\alpha$ found a, t head testified hair the Οf Of strands many has • like" EBI two the that ally OTO

- S pre jud hair testi fai the opinion 20 42 4 4 > tha. because onl of nty tends introduction certai inadmissible idity O val cientifi defendant scientific The Ø -1 S evidence reasonable source the doubtful against Such sаше with the such case 7 express from the o.f came mony ice 10
- in gorously tendered Υì H 1.8 MI evidence defendant aforementioned the on, prosecuti inadmissibility the When the by 5 court t's assert open
- 13 0 evidenc aforementioned the law, bar at present case Under the in inadmissible 9
- the 1.5 in. result ssibilit evidence Will admi rd defendant Sai on present rules the Court 40 to prosecution the prejudice before Extreme the jury allows the ~ of ourt sence O the

prosecfurther 40 S prior in such the hearing forth prohibiting and set evidence ಭ for ons allegati proper prays Order oned. an and defendant orementi the for just on Court af deems, trial the the the WHEREFORE, Of presenting Court moves commencement the and 88 onfrom Motion, relief the ti

977 September, of day this DATED

Submitted Respectfully

Bundy

81601 lorado Theodore Robert Bundy Pro Se Garfield County Jail Glenwood Springs, Cole Phone: (303) 945-9151

#### IN THE DISTRICT COURT AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PITKIN AND STATE OF COLORADO IN

C-1616 Criminal Action No.

	SUPPLEMENT TO HOTION IN LIMINE			
THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF COLORADO,	Plaintiff,	VS.	THEODORE ROBERT BUNDY,	Defendant.

and sa, pro. defendant Bundy, COMES NOW Theodore Robert follows: as states

- disappearance Introduce Additional Similar Aime in Utah 1977, and 7, 1974, involves the death of Laura September Utah in November, Attorney, on transactions and Intent to second involves the disappearance 1974. from Bountiful, The District of these Court a Notice of in November, One Ļ Utah, of Debra Kent Transactions. with the County,
- ۲, involving for incidents September accused transactions On an of the charged offense. filed a Motion In Limine charged and not since inadmissible order the only be tried for the crime Smith Court independant Defendant the Carol DaRonch and Melissa that are wholly 1977, requesting 2 should which

a hearing admissibility transhearing Court conduct to determine the that in moves the include Aime. and of trial and Ms. defendant transactions" Kent commencement WHEREFORE, involving Ms. the "similaar to the actions prior οĘ

Submitted Respectfully

Theodore Robert Bundy/ Pros Se Box 249 Glenwood Springs, Colo

81601 Springs, Colorado

1977 September, of this 12th day Dated